



Firs Farm Primary School SEND Information Report

HOW WE SUPPORT CHILDREN/YOUNG PEOPLE WITH SPECIAL EDUCATIONAL NEEDS OR DISABILITIES

At Firs Farm Primary School we welcome pupils with Special Educational Needs, and make every effort to support them. All our classes are fully inclusive and we have high expectations for all our children, including those with Special Educational Needs or Disability. (SEND).

If a child is identified as having SEND it means that he or she will have significant difficulties with:

- A lot of the work in school.
- Reading, writing, number work or understanding information.
- Expressing themselves or understanding what others are saying.
- Emotional issues such as making friends or social difficulties
- Organising themselves.
- Some kind of sensory or physical needs which may affect them in school.

At Firs Farm we aim to meet the needs of pupils with:

- specific learning difficulties
- moderate learning difficulties
- social, emotional and behavioural difficulties
- physical disabilities
- visual and hearing impairments
- complex health needs
- communication difficulties
- autism

Although we may not always be able to support all pupils with the SEN we will use our best endeavours to do so.

*Please see **Appendix 1** for further definitions of the above terms*

We have tried to answer the most **Frequently Asked Questions** about how we meet the needs of pupils with Special Educational Needs.

However should you need any more information please contact Inclusion Lead Officer, Alison West, on 0208 807 4292.

How we know if a child has special educational needs

As part of our admissions policy Reception children and families are visited prior to joining Firs Farm and older children and their families are invited into school to meet staff. At this meeting children's needs and attainment are discussed along with any other agencies the family may be working with. Following these discussions, support may be put in place in order to ensure a smooth transition into school.

Once in school, children's progress and attainment are monitored by class teachers and assessments made, which indicate if children are having any difficulties i.e. limited progress or a change of behaviour.

Examples of these assessments include:-

- written samples of work,
- speech and language screeners,
- observations,
- reading with children
- physical and/or motor skills.

Further assessments may then need to be made to identify any specific barriers to learning. Support is planned to try and remove these barriers. After an identified period of time the support will be reviewed and next steps planned. These next steps may include referrals to outside specialist agencies.

If parents are concerned **at any time** about their child's progress or attainment, they should speak to their child's class teacher or a member of the Inclusion Team.

How will we support your child's Special Educational Needs?

Children make progress at different rates and have different ways in which they learn best. Teachers take account of this by looking carefully at how they organise their lessons, the classroom, the books and materials they give to each child and the way they teach. All teachers will consider a number of options and choose the most appropriate ways to help each child learn from a range of activities. This is often described as 'differentiating the curriculum'.

If a pupil has needs related to more specific areas of their education, such as spelling, handwriting, numeracy & literacy skills etc. then the pupil will be placed in a small focus group. This will be run by the teacher or teaching assistant. The length of time of the intervention will vary according to need but will generally be for ½ a term. The interventions will be regularly reviewed by all involved to determine the effectiveness of the provision and to inform future planning. These interventions will be recorded on the school provision map (this is a record of the interventions, timings, cost and impact of the intervention).

Pupil Progress Meetings are held each term. This is a meeting where the class teacher meets with the Senior Leadership Team to discuss the progress of the pupils in their class. This shared discussion may highlight any potential problems, in order for further support to be planned. Occasionally a pupil may need more expert support from an outside agency such as the Behaviour Support Service, Paediatrician etc. A referral

will be made, with parent's consent and forwarded to the most appropriate agency. After a series of assessments, a programme of support is usually provided to the school and parents/carers.

Children may receive varying levels of support, according to their changing needs and circumstances. Parents should not assume, just because their child is making slower progress than expected, or the teachers are providing different support, help or activities in class, that the child has special educational needs. They may just need support to "close the gap" and bring their attainment up to expected levels. This support may be temporary or short lasting.

We aim to identify children who need additional support as early as possible, and by providing that support enable them to make good progress. The particular interventions we put in place will vary over time as children's needs change. Sometimes extra support is provided in class as part of the general class provision. If we think your child needs significant amounts of extra support we will always discuss this with you. If you think your child needs additional support please discuss this with their class teacher in the first instance.

*For details of the provision and the wide range of interventions we make in response to children's individual needs please see **Appendix 2.***

What we do to help children with special educational needs.

For those children with temporary barriers to learning, a differentiated curriculum planned by the class teacher will be delivered in order to meet your child's needs. Examples of differentiation may include writing frames, numeracy resources to support counting, phonic sound cards to help identify letters, visual prompts, writing aids, different ways of recording e.g. video, Dictaphone, and adult support for identified tasks.

*For examples of these resources please see **Appendix 3.***

In addition to a differentiated curriculum, some children may be offered a short term intervention to meet gaps in their learning. These interventions are monitored and reviewed regularly to assess their effectiveness and ensure they are meeting the child's needs.

If your child has significant additional needs interventions will be tailored to meet their individual needs and delivered regularly. These interventions may be delivered in a small group or 1:1 basis and reviewed regularly by the class teacher and Inclusion Team. You will be invited to attend a termly meeting with the staff involved to discuss the current needs of your child, their progress and next steps. At these meetings targets are recorded and shared between home and school. At this point it may be necessary to refer to external agencies for further advice and support. Through these school based plans and the outcome of any further interventions it may be determined that your child has SEN. Should a child be identified with SEN, applications can be made to the Local Authority for an Education, Health and Care Plan (this replaces the statutory assessment process which produced Statements of Special Educational Needs) This may result in additional funding or specialist resources being provided for your child.

If your child has identified additional needs they may work with a variety of school staff e.g. Class Teachers, Teaching Assistants, specialist Teachers, Speech and Language Teaching Assistant, Individual tutor or members of the Inclusion Team.

How we decide what resources we can give to a child with Special Educational Needs

Decisions around what resources are made available to those children with SEN are made in consultation with the class teacher and Senior Leadership Team. Decisions are based upon termly tracking of pupil progress and as a result of assessments by outside agencies (Please see answers to above questions).

Every school receives an additional amount of money to help make Special Educational provision to meet children's SEN. This is called the 'notional SEN budget'. The amount in this budget is based on a formula which is agreed between schools and the local authority. The government has recommended that schools should use this notional SEN budget to pay for up to £6,000 worth of Special Educational provision to meet a child's SEN. Most children with SEN need special educational provision that comes to less than £6,000. If we can show that a pupil with SEN needs more than £6,000 worth of Special Educational provision, we will ask the Local Authority to provide top up funding to meet the cost of that provision. Where the Local Authority agrees, the cost is provided from funding held by the local authority in their high needs block.

A **Personal budget** is an amount of money or resources available in order to deliver the outcomes set out in an Education, Health and Care Plan. Discussions are still in place around how this will be implemented and by whom.

How we check that a child is making progress and how we keep parents informed

Parents are always welcome to come into school to discuss their child's progress or any concerns they may have. Curriculum letters will be sent out to parents at the start of each term outlining the skills and learning objectives children will be working on in class. Parents will also be invited to school based workshops on a variety of topics e.g. getting ready for school, phonics support, maths calculations to help them support their child's learning.

Class teachers will meet with families termly at parent's evening to discuss children's progress, attainment and next steps in their learning. Members of the Inclusion Team may also attend these meetings. Ways to support children at home may be discussed, for example certain skills to practise daily e.g. saying numbers to 10, ways to make homework more manageable by breaking tasks into small chunks or handwriting practise of certain letters. If your child has a School Based Plan parents will be invited to meet members of the Inclusion Team termly to review progress and set new targets. If your child has a Statement or Education, Health and Care Plan parents will also be invited to an annual review to discuss progress, next steps and talk about further ways to support your child.

Support we offer for children's/young people's health and general wellbeing

Each class from Reception to Year 6 follow the Personal, Social and Health Education (PSHE) curriculum which delivers a broad curriculum which is aimed at raising self-esteem, self-confidence, acceptance of others and the ability to identify and discuss emotions. In addition to this whole class provision some children are offered further support through small group or individual work. All children are supported by a clear positive behaviour management policy which is consistent throughout the school. Some children and parents benefit from an individual reward system that links home and school. For those children who have significant difficulties with social and emotional development individual behaviour support plans will be drawn up and discussed with parents. Targets will be identified and provision planned. This will be monitored

and reviewed regularly. The Inclusion Team includes staff who have counselling and mentoring experience and are accessible to those children who may need additional emotional support. Lunchtime clubs also help vulnerable children. Children's views are voiced at regular school council meetings and UNICEF meetings which are facilitated by a member of staff. These views are fed back to classes and the Senior Leadership Team. Children are also given extra responsibility if they are chosen to be a House or Sports Captain.

If your child has identified medical needs you will be invited into school to draw up a care plan to ensure your child's needs are met. This will include how and when any regular medication needs to be taken. For this process you will meet with School Medical Officer, Inclusion Lead and possibly the School Nurse. Care plans will be reviewed annually or as and when children's needs change.

Who are the other people providing services to children with SEND?

At times it may be necessary to consult with outside agencies to receive their more specialised expertise.

The agencies used by the school include:

- Educational Psychologist
- CAMHS (Child & Adolescent Mental Health Service)
- Educational Welfare Officers
- Hearing Advisory Service
- Joseph Clarke School for Visually Impaired Children
- Social Services
- School Nurse
- Child Development Team
- Behaviour Support Service
- Parents Support Service
- Russett House Outreach
- West Lea Outreach
- Waverley Outreach
- Speech and Language Services
- Physiotherapy
- Occupational Therapy

What training do our staff have?

All teachers are considered teachers of children with SEN and training is an on-going and integral part of our Continued Professional Development programme. We regularly share good practice within the school and receive training from other professionals on relevant topics and issues. Individual staff also attend training courses relevant to the specific needs of children in their class. In addition designated members of staff are trained in autism, specific learning difficulties e.g. dyslexia and maths interventions, speech and language interventions.

How do we include children/young people in activities and school trips?

Activities and school trips are available to all. Risk assessments are carried out and procedures are put in place to enable all children to participate. However, if it is deemed that an intensive level of 1:1 support is required, a parent or carer may be asked to accompany their child during the activity.

How accessible is the school environment

Firs Farm Primary is a two story building with a lift and a ramp to the Early Years corridor. All of the buildings are wheelchair accessible and there are 4 disabled toilets placed around the site. Reception to Year 4 classrooms are on the ground floor and Years 5 and 6 are upstairs but can be reached by the lift. If additional equipment or facilities are required for individual children with specific needs, we may liaise with the relevant specialist service, e.g. visually impaired or hearing impaired service to ensure the equipment provided can meet the needs of the child. Some of this equipment is kept in the classroom e.g. slanted writing boards, wobble and sit cushion, dark lined paper or coloured overlays. Other equipment may be stored somewhere else in school and used when necessary e.g. physio mats. Additional resources may be provided by the school or we may apply for funding for other specialist resources from the London Borough of Enfield e.g. laptop and magnifier, braille machine.

How do we prepare children for transitions?

Many strategies are in place to enable the child's transition to be as smooth as possible.

These include:

- Play and stay sessions for pre-school children
- Photographs of new environment and staff taken home to talk about with child
- Extended part-time provision
- Class buddies identified
- Discussions between the previous or receiving schools prior to the pupil joining/leaving.
- All pupils invited to visit Firs Farm before starting.
- Additional visits are also arranged for pupils who need extra time in their new school.
- Inclusion Lead and class teachers may meet parents/carers prior to their child joining the school.
- All Year 6 children take part in a term long secondary transition project
- Secondary school staff visit pupils prior to them joining their new school.
- Inclusion Lead will liaise with the SENCOs from the secondary schools to pass on information regarding SEN pupils.
- Where a pupil may have more specialised needs, a separate meeting will be arranged with Inclusion Lead, the secondary school SENCO, the parents/carers and where appropriate the pupil.
- Regular transition visits will take place where children are particularly vulnerable.
- Transition meetings will take place between all agencies involved when a child with SEN is joining or leaving school.

How are parents involved in school life?

At Firs Farm we operate an open door policy and encourage parents to come into school to discuss their child and any concerns or issues. They can speak either to their child's class teacher or a member of the Inclusion Team. Where parent's first language is not English an interpreter may be booked, if required, to enable parent's views to be understood. Translators will be available during parents evening and some letters will be translated into some home languages. Five places on the school's Governing Body are for parents, to ensure the parent's voice is involved in school decisions. Parent workshops are held throughout the Year covering a variety of topics. There is a Firs Farm Parents Association and new members are always welcome.

Who to contact for more information or to discuss a concern.

In the first instance the most appropriate person to contact, should you have any concerns, is your child's class teacher. Should you wish to discuss anything further please contact Alison West, Inclusion Lead.

For information regarding Enfield's provision for special educational needs and disabilities please go to:-

[Enfield's Local Offer for SEND](#)

For independent parent support please contact:-

SENDIASS (Special Educational Needs and Disabilities Information, Advice and Support Service)

[SENDIASS](#)

Our school complaints policy is available on our school website.

Review date:- October 2017

Appendix 1

Definition of Terms

- 1) **Specific Learning Difficulties** – an umbrella term for children who have difficulties in one area of their development or learning. Dyslexia, dyscalculia and dyspraxia are examples of specific learning difficulties.
- 2) **Moderate Learning Difficulties** – children with moderate learning difficulties often need a great deal of support to access the curriculum. They will have difficulties in lots of areas e.g. movement and co-ordination, reading and writing, learning new concepts and remembering them.
- 3) **Social, Emotional and Behavioural Difficulties** – children who have Social, Emotional and Behavioural needs may need support in identifying and managing their emotions, building and maintaining friendships and developing positive self-esteem.
- 4) **Physical Disabilities** – Children who have mobility issues.
- 5) **Complex Health Needs** – Children with these needs will often need medical interventions during the school day.
- 6) **Communication Difficulties** – Children with these needs will require support to develop ways to communicate with their peers and adults. This may be through the use of symbols or signing.

Appendix 2

Interventions

Communication and Social Skills (CASS) - A twice weekly small group intervention for 12 weeks to support children's social skills, confidence, attention skills and language development. This supports children in Reception and Year 1.

ELS – A small group intervention that runs 3 times a week to support children's reading and writing skills. This supports children in Years 1 and 2.

15 Minutes a Day (Parts 1 and 2) – A 1:1 daily intervention to develop children's basic reading and writing. This supports children in Years 2 and 3.

Every Child Counts – A 1:1 daily intervention to develop children's basic numeracy skills. This supports children in Year 2.

Catch Up literacy – A twice weekly 1:1 intervention to develop children's reading and spelling skills. This supports children in Years 3, 4 and 5.

Catch Up Numeracy – A twice weekly 1:1 intervention to develop children's number and calculation skills. This supports children in Years 3, 4 and 5.

Comprehension – A weekly small group intervention to develop children's comprehension skills. This supports children in Years 3,4 and 5

Turnabout – A twice weekly 1:1 intervention to develop children’s memory and processing skills. This supports children in Years 3, 4, 5 and 6

SEAL (Social, Emotional Aspects of Learning) – A small group intervention which focuses on emotions and relationships. The timings and frequency of these groups depend on the needs of the children. These support children throughout the school.

Guided Writing Groups – A small group intervention which focuses on developing children’s writing skills. These support children from Years 2 - 6.

Nurture Group – A small group intervention to support vulnerable children focusing on developing self-esteem and relationships. This supports children from Years 1 – 6.

Speech and Language Groups – A small group intervention run weekly to support attention and listening skills and expressive and receptive language development.

Touch Typing – A twice weekly small group intervention to teach children to touch type to enable them to record their work on a laptop.

Appendix 3

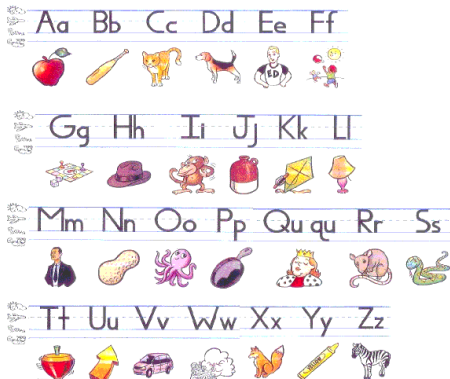
Differentiation and Resources

All class teachers are responsible for adapting the curriculum to ensure it meets all children's needs. Through assessments made so teachers can determine how to best to differentiate and support children with specific needs. Any changes made should help children access quality first inclusive teaching and make academic progress

This differentiation may be by:

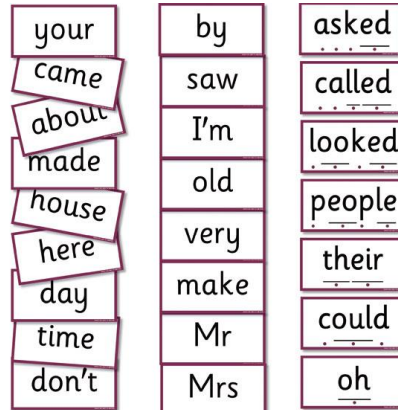
- **Task** – setting different tasks for certain pupils
- **Support** – teaching assistants, teacher, peers
- **Outcome** – open-ended tasks allowing responses at different levels.
- **Content matter** – more or less complex texts, different content altogether
- **Pace** – more time or time constraints, chunking of tasks
- **Independence level** – independent working, self and peer assessment
- **Accessibility** – visual aids, signing, switches etc.
- **Context** – perhaps choosing a context more relevant to the learner
- **Support resources** – writing frames, key words, spell check, technology

Examples of supportive resources



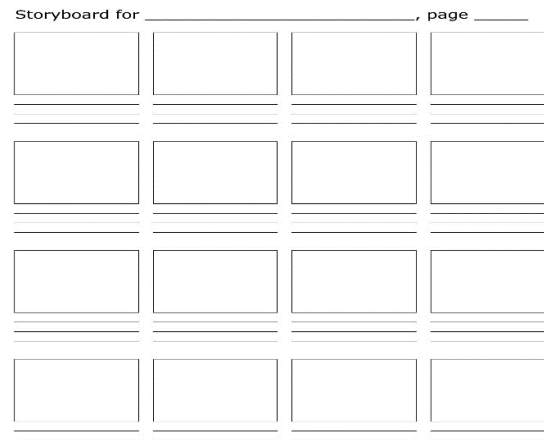


A phonics sound card



Counting resources

Common word list



Storyboards to help organise ideas

X	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
2	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24
3	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	33	36
4	4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40	44	48
5	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60
6	6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60	66	72
7	7	14	21	28	35	42	49	56	63	70	77	84
8	8	16	24	32	40	48	56	64	72	80	88	96
9	9	18	27	36	45	54	63	72	81	90	99	108
10	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120
11	11	22	33	44	55	66	77	88	99	110	121	132
12	12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96	108	120	132	144

Multiplication grid



Pencil Grips